## 1 Learn the Skill

A **coordinate grid** is a visual representation of points, or ordered pairs. An **ordered pair** is a pair of values: an *x*-value and a *y*-value. The *x*-value is always shown first. The grid is made by the intersection of a horizontal line (*x*-axis) and a vertical line (*y*-axis). The point where the number lines meet is called the **origin**, which is (0, 0). The grid is divided into four **quadrants**, or sections.

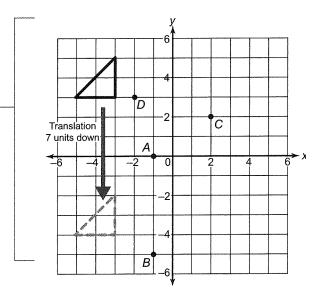
The upper-right section of a grid is the first quadrant. Move counterclockwise to name the remaining quadrants. In an ordered pair, the first value (x-value) tells how many spaces to move (right for positive or left for negative). The y-value tells how many spaces to move (up for positive or down for negative).

## 2 Practice the Skill

By practicing the skills of locating and plotting points on the coordinate grid, you will improve your study and test-taking abilities, especially as they relate to the GED® Mathematical Reasoning Test. Study the grid and information below. Then answer the question that follows.

The coordinate grid below shows points A, B, C, and D. The coordinates for point A are (-1, 0). Point B is located at (-1, -5).

- To draw a line segment on the coordinate grid, plot the given points. Then draw a line to connect them.
- Changes to figures or points can be shown on a coordinate grid. A translation is one type of change. In a translation, a figure or point slides to a new position in a different quadrant.
- To plot a point whose y-coordinate is an expression, substitute the given value of x and solve for y. Then plot the point.



## INSIDE THE ITEMS

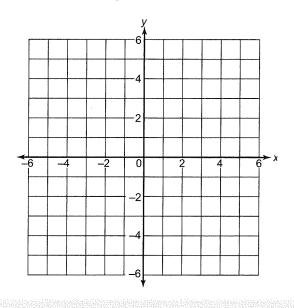
On the GIED®
Mathematical Reasoning
Test, you will be
asked to plot points on
coordinate grids using
technology. When you
do, ensure that you
click on the proper
coordinates.

- 1. What are the coordinates of point C?
  - A. (2, 2)
  - B. (-2, 2)
  - C. (2, -2)
  - D. (3, -2)



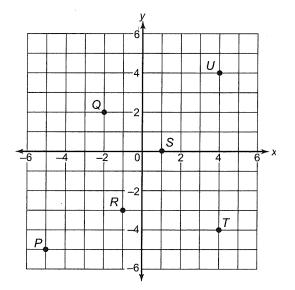
## Spotlighted Item: HOT SPOT

**DIRECTIONS:** Read each question. Then mark your answer on the grid below.



- 2. Plot the point (5, −3).
- 3. Translate the point (5, −3) up 6 units.
- 4. Plot the point (4, 0).
- 5. Translate the point (4, 0) left 3 units.
- 6. Plot the point  $(x, x^2)$  for x = 2.
- 7. Plot the point (x, 0.75x) for x = -4.
- 8. Plot the point  $(x, x^3)$  for x = -1.

**DIRECTIONS:** Study the coordinate grid, read each question, and choose the **best** answer.



- 10. Which of the following ordered pairs describes the location of point *S*?
  - A. (1, 0)
  - B. (-1, 0)
  - C.(0,1)
  - D. (0, -1)
- 11. What are the coordinates of point *P*?
  - A. (-5, -5)
  - B. (-5, 5)
  - C. (5, -5)
  - D. (5, 5)
- 12. What characteristic do points *T* and *U* share?
  - A. They have the same *y*-coordinate.
  - B. They have the same *x*-coordinate.
  - C. Both points have two negative *x*-axis coordinates.
  - D. Both points have two positive *y*-axis coordinates.

- 9. What are the coordinates of point T?
  - A. (5, -4)
  - B. (4, -4)
  - C. (4, -5)
  - D. (-4, 4)